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MP173 'SMKI & DCCKI Document Set reviews'

Modification Report

Version 1.0

1 December 2021

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About this document

This document is a Modification Report. It sets out the background, issue, solution, impacts, costs, implementation approach and progression timetable for this modification, along with any relevant discussions, views and conclusions.

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This document also two annexes:

- **Annex A** contains the concluding observations and recommendations of the Smart Metering Key Infrastructure (SMKI) Document Set review.
- **Annex B** (attached separately) contains the redlined changes to the Smart Energy Code (SEC) required to deliver the Proposed Solution.

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1. Summary

This proposal has been raised by Gordon Hextall on behalf of the SMKI Policy Management Authority (PMA).

The SMKI PMA carried out a review of the SMKI and Data Communications Company (DCC) Key Infrastructure (DCCKI) Document Sets as required by SEC Section L 'Smart Metering Key Infrastructure and DCC Key Infrastructure' paragraph 1.17. It identified a number of typographical, cosmetic and alignment changes that need to be made due to updated SEC versions since 2014 that had not been fully or accurately reflected throughout the extensive SMKI Document Set.

In addition, the review identified a number of inconsistencies, omissions and improved drafting needed between different parts of the SEC together with standards that need to be amended. This is because they have been superseded or discontinued. Lastly, it has been identified that the SMKI Recovery processes require greater clarity for Subscribers.

The Proposed Solution will address the concluding observations and recommendations of the SMKI Document Set review, each of which can be found in Annex A.

The costs of this proposal are limited to Smart Energy Code Administrator and Secretariat (SECAS) time and effort to implement the changes. This modification will indirectly impact all SEC Parties by giving greater clarity and transparency to the SMKI and DCCKI Document Sets. Also, the SMKI PMA and the DCC will directly be impacted by this modification in respect to the new provisions for a Recovery Key Direction. This modification is targeted for the February 2022 SEC Release. This is a Self-Governance Modification.

2. Issue

What are the current arrangements?

Review of the SMKI and DCCKI Document Sets

The SMKI PMA has an obligation in SEC Section L1.17 to periodically review the effectiveness of the SMKI Document Set (which is defined in SEC Section L9.3) and DCCKI Document Set (which is defined in SEC Section L13.31):

Duties of the SMKI PMA

L1.17 The SMKI PMA shall undertake the following duties:

[...]

- (c) to periodically review (including where directed to do so by the Panel) the effectiveness of the SMKI Document Set (including so as to evaluate whether the SMKI Document Set remains consistent with the SEC Objectives), and report to the Panel on the outcome of such review (such report to include any recommendations for action that the SMKI PMA considers appropriate);*

[...]

- (e) to periodically review the effectiveness of the DCCKI Document Set and to:*

- (i) *notify DCC where it considers that changes should be made to the DCCKI Document Set in order to ensure that DCC meets its obligations under Section G (Security) (such notification to include any recommendation for action that the SMKI PMA considers appropriate); and*
- (ii) *copy any such notification to the Security Sub-Committee and, except to the extent that it is appropriate to redact information for security purposes, to other SEC Parties;*

The SEC Panel approved budgetary expenditure for a review in 2020/21 and the SMKI Specialist was commissioned to undertake a thorough review that concluded at the end of April 2021.

The review also considered specific Request for Comments (RFC) references (RFCs are recognised industry standards) and confirmed whether they continue to be accurate and appropriate.

The review consulted and was advised by a SMKI PMA Working Group that comprised of:

- The SMKI PMA Chair;
- The Technical Architecture and Business Architecture Sub-Committee (TABASC) Representative;
- The Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy (BEIS) Regulatory Expert; and
- The BEIS Security Lead.

What is the issue?

Recommended changes to the SMKI Document Set

The review identified a large number of relatively minor typographical, cosmetic and alignment changes that have arisen due to updated SEC versions since 2014 that have not been fully or accurately reflected throughout the extensive SMKI Document Set. These are considered by the SMKI PMA to be straightforward corrections that need to be made via a Modification Proposal.

The review further identified a number of apparent inconsistencies, omissions or improvements between different parts of the SEC. These apply to standards that have been superseded or discontinued and, in the SMKI Recovery processes, that need clarification for Subscribers. Each of these examples have been considered by the SMKI PMA.

Changes are required to the SMKI Document Set in SEC Appendices A, B, C, D, L, M, N and Q.

Recommended changes to the DCCKI Document Set

As with the SMKI Document Set, there are relatively minor typographical and cosmetic changes proposed to the DCCKI Document Set as well as a number of apparent inconsistencies.

Changes are required to the DCCKI Document Set in SEC Appendices S, T, U, V and W.

What is the impact this is having?

If this issue is not resolved, the SMKI and DCCKI Document Sets will contain a large number of inconsistencies. These vary in nature but include minor typographical, cosmetic and alignment

inconsistencies, as well as apparent inconsistencies and omissions between different SEC documents.

If these continue to remain, it could make it harder for Parties to comply with these documents and make the documents in question harder to maintain, increasing the chance of further inconsistencies occurring in the future.

Impact on consumers

The issue outlined in this proposal does not impact consumers.

3. Solution

Proposed Solution

The Proposed Solution is to implement the changes identified from the SMKI and DCCKI Document Set review. These changes have been identified by the SMKI Specialist and reviewed and recommended by the SMKI PMA Working Group. They have also been reviewed by SECAS and have been shared with and agreed by the DCC who are members of the SMKI PMA.

The concluding observations and recommendations of the SMKI Document Set review can be found in Annex A and the legal text can be found in Annex B.

4. Impacts

This section summarises the impacts that would arise from the implementation of this modification.

SEC Parties

SEC Party Categories impacted			
	Large Suppliers		Small Suppliers
	Electricity Network Operators		Gas Network Operators
	Other SEC Parties	✓	DCC

DCC impacts

New provisions will be introduced setting out the procedures for the use of a Recovery Private Key. When directed to do so by the SMKI PMA, the DCC will need to adhere to these provisions.

All other SEC Parties

All Parties will indirectly benefit from this modification as the SMKI and DCCKI Document Sets will have greater clarity and transparency.

DCC System

This modification does not impact the DCC Systems.

SEC and subsidiary documents

The following parts of the SEC will be impacted:

- Section L 'Smart Metering Key Infrastructure and DCC Key Infrastructure'
- Appendix A 'Device Certificate Policy'
- Appendix B 'Organisation Certificate Policy'
- Appendix C 'SMKI Compliance Policy'
- Appendix D 'SMKI Registration Authority Policies and Procedures'
- Appendix J 'Enduring Test Approach Document'
- Appendix K 'SMKI and Repository Test Scenarios Document'
- Appendix L 'SMKI Recovery Procedure'
- Appendix M 'SMKI Interface Design Specification'
- Appendix N 'SMKI Code of Connection'
- Appendix O 'SMKI Repository Interface Design Specification'
- Appendix P 'SMKI Repository Code of Connection'
- Appendix Q 'IKI Certificate Policy'
- Appendix S 'DCCKI Certificate Policy'
- Appendix T 'DCCKI Interface Design Specification'
- Appendix U 'DCCKI Repository Interface Design Specification'
- Appendix V 'DCCKI CoCo and DCCKI Repository CoCo'
- Appendix W 'DCCKI Registration Authority Policies and Procedures'
- Appendix X 'Registration Data Interface Specification'

The changes to the SEC required to deliver the proposed solution can be found in Annex B. Due to the extensive changes, these have been provided in individual documents within a separate zip folder.

Consumers

This modification does not impact consumers/

Other industry Codes

This modification does not impact any other industry Codes.

Greenhouse gas emissions

This modification does not impact greenhouse gas emissions.

5. Costs

DCC costs

There are no DCC costs associated with this modification.

SECAS costs

The estimated SECAS implementation cost to implement this as a stand-alone modification is two days of effort, amounting to approximately £1,200. This cost will be reassessed when combining this modification in a scheduled SEC Release. The activities needed to be undertaken for this are:

- Updating the SEC and releasing the new version to the industry.

SEC Party costs

There are no SEC Party implementation costs associated with this modification.

6. Implementation approach

Approved implementation approach

The Change Sub-Committee (CSC) has agreed an implementation date of:

- **24 February 2022** (February 2022 SEC Release) if a decision to approve is received on or before 10 February 2022; or
- **30 June 2022** (June 2022 SEC Release) if a decision to approve is received after 10 February 2022 but on or before 16 June 2022.

This modification should be implemented as soon as possible to ensure the SMKI and DCCKI Documents remain up to date, with any out-dated references to standards removed, along with any typographical errors. This modification does not impact DCC or SEC Party Systems and the February 2022 SEC Release is the soonest possible release this modification could be targeted. If a decision is not received in time the next viable SEC Release would be the June 2022 SEC Release.

7. Assessment of the proposal

Observations on the issue

Change Sub-Committee views

The CSC had no comments on the issue when it was initially presented to it.

SMKI PMA and SSC views

Both the SMKI PMA and some members of the Security Sub-Committee (SSC) fed into the SMKI and DCCKI Document Set reviews and agreed the observations and recommendations should be addressed.

Solution development

Recovery Private Key provisions

Upon review of the Proposer's suggested legal text, SECAS recommended that the new provisions for the 'Further Use of the Recovery Private Key' be moved further up the document so they fell before the definitions. This would maintain the document structure and give the sections a more logical order. The Proposer agreed with the SECAS suggestions.

SMKI RAPP – Organisation Information Form

SEC Appendix D, section 5.1 'Procedure and processes to verify organisational identity' states:

The applicant organisation shall complete the Organisation Information Form, as set out in SMKI RAPP Annex A (A1). In doing so, the applicant organisation shall ensure that:

- a. *the information entered on the form is complete and accurate;*
- b. *the EUI-64 Compliant identifier range for any particular User Role is defined by the applicant organisation such that the range is continuous and does not overlap with the EUI-64 Compliant identifier range for any other User Role, other than where a particular EUI-64 Compliant identifier is allowed to be used for more than one User Role in accordance with H1.5;*

The SMKI Document Set review found that the underlined text was not possible as the Organisation Information Form referred to did not allow the mapping of EUI64 identifiers to User Roles. However, at the time the SMKI Document Set Review's concluding recommendations and observations were submitted to the Panel, a solution had not been found.

The DCC has since agreed with the Proposer to update the form which can be found on the DCC's website. Updates to this require approval from the SMKI PMA. However, the form does not require a Modification Proposal to amend and so this modification is not dependent on it. The updates to the Organisation Information Form are to be discussed at the December 2021 SMKI PMA meeting.

Unresolved observations

Observations 5 and 11 of SEC Appendix L 'SMKI Recovery Procedure' noted in Annex A have not been addressed in the legal drafting and require further investigation by the SMKI PMA and the DCC. These refer to the order of the steps set out in Appendix L, section 5 'Recovery using the Contingency Private Key'. Discussions are underway between the Proposer and the DCC to achieve a resolution for the discrepancies. However, the Proposer wishes to continue to progress this proposal whilst those discussions are ongoing.

The role of SMKI PMA Members in credential revocations

SECAS received comments from a Party on observation 2 of SEC Appendix D noted in Annex A. They believed there to be an unintended conflict created in the SEC with various references to 'SMKI PMA Member' removed. However, they noted that SEC Appendix D section 8.3.3 states that any SMKI PMA Member may request the revocation.

The Proposer noted that the obligations in question are different. SEC Appendix D section 8.3.3 is about which Parties may request the revocation and section 8.3.4 is about the procedure to verify and revoke credentials as explained in the paragraphs immediately after the headings:

- Section 8.3.3: *The following parties may request the revocation of authentication credentials in respect of SMKI Registration Authority Personnel, using the form referred to in Annex A (A7)*
- Section 8.3.4: *The procedure for verification and, where verified, revocation of credentials in respect of a SMKI Registration Authority Manager or member of SMKI Registration Authority Personnel is...*

The Proposer advised that the SMKI PMA monitors the DCC's operational performance in respect of SMKI. If the SMKI PMA becomes aware that the SMKI Registration Authority Manager is persistently failing to meet the SEC obligations or not performing to an acceptable standard, then the SMKI PMA should be able to request revocation of the SMKI Registration Authority Manager credentials.

However, the Proposer agreed the references in section 8.3.4 are consistent with the requirements in section 8.3.3 and that the references to the SMKI PMA Members should be maintained as per the original drafting. As a result, the previously drafted deleted references to 'SMKI PMA Member' in section 8.3.4 were cancelled with the references being maintained.

Revocation of Certificates

SEC Appendix D section 8 'Revocation' sets out the procedures for revoking SMKI Certificates. Since the review of the SMKI Document Set, SEC Section L16 'Supplier of Last Resort' has been added by [MP134A 'Use of SMKI Certificates relating to a SoLR event'](#) which allows the SMKI PMA to delay the revocation of SMKI Certificates during a Supplier of Last Resort (SoLR) event. Therefore, a statement has been added to SEC Appendix D section 8 stating it does not apply where SEC Section L16 applies.

Support for Change

The recommendations and observations of the SMKI and DCCKI Document Set review were agreed and formally approved by the SMKI PMA.

SECAS presented the observations and recommendations from the review of the SMKI and DCCKI Documents Sets to the Panel in June 2021¹. The Panel noted that the SMKI PMA had raised a problem statement to initiate a Draft Proposal to make the changes identified from the review.

SECAS published the draft legal text on its website during the Development Stage and sought any comments from Parties. Minor comments were received from one Party, which the Proposer has incorporated into the legal text in Annex B.

Views against the General SEC Objectives

Proposer's views

*Objective (f)*²

The Proposer believes this modification will better facilitate SEC Objective (f) by clarifying the provisions for the use of a Recovery Private Key as well as updating references to several industry standards that have been superseded or discontinued.

*Objective (g)*³

The Proposer believes that this modification will better facilitate SEC Objective (g) by ensuring the SEC is maintained in line with the SMKI PMA's review of the SMKI and DCCKI Document Sets. This will be achieved by making a number of typographical, cosmetic and alignment changes the documents, as well as several industry standards that have been superseded or discontinued.

Views against the consumer areas

Improved safety and reliability

This modification will be neutral against this consumer benefit area.

Lower bills than would otherwise be the case

This modification will be neutral against this consumer benefit area.

Reduced environmental damage

This modification will be neutral against this consumer benefit area.

Improved quality of service

This modification will be neutral against this consumer benefit area.

¹ SECP_93_1806_12 (**Amber**)

² To ensure the protection of Data and the security of Data and Systems in the operation of this Code.

³ To facilitate the efficient and transparent administration and implementation of this Code.

Benefits for society as a whole

This modification will be neutral against this consumer benefit area.

Appendix 1: Progression timetable

On 30 November 2021, the CSC agreed to convert this Draft Proposal to a Modification Proposal and approve the final Modification Report. A Modification Report Consultation has been issued closing on 7 January 2022. The Change Board vote will then be held on 20 January 2022 under Self-Governance.

Timetable	
Event/Action	Date
Draft Proposal raised	21 Jun 2021
Presented to CSC for initial comment	29 Jun 2021
Legal text consultation	22 Oct 2021 – 12 Nov 2021
CSC converts Draft Proposal to Modification Proposal	30 Nov 2021
Modification Report approved by CSC	30 Nov 2021
Modification Report Consultation	6 Dec 2021 – 7 Jan 2022
Change Board Vote	20 Jan 2022

Appendix 2: Glossary

This table lists all the acronyms used in this document and the full term they are an abbreviation for.

Glossary	
Acronym	Full term
BEIS	Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy
CSC	Change Sub-Committee
DCC	Data Communications Company
DCCKI	Data Communications Company Key Infrastructure
IKI	Infrastructure Key Infrastructure
RFC	Request for Comments
SEC	Smart Energy Code
SECAS	Smart Energy Code Administrator and Secretariat
SMKI PMA	Smart Metering Key Infrastructure Policy Management Authority
SoLR	Supplier of Last Resort
SSC	Security Sub-Committee
TABASC	Technical Architecture and Business Architecture Sub-Committee

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Annex A: SMKI Document Set review – concluding observations & recommendations

1. Summary

These observations were specifically raised with the SMKI PMA sub-group, which had oversight of the review. The recommendations are as agreed by the sub-group and subsequently formally approved by the SMKI PMA.

There are proposed typographical corrections to all of the reviewed SEC Appendices, as reflected in the redlined versions provided. Those redlined proposals have associated comments to explain the rationale, where that may not be immediately apparent.

Note that where recommendations in this document are to change drafting in the SEC Appendix, those changes have been made in the redlined documents provided.

Specific recommendations in relation to IETF RFCs are included in the document 'SMKI Document set - RFC analysis v005'. These have since been the subject of investigation by the SMKI Specialist and a conclusive recommendation has been agreed by the SMKI PMA and accepted by the DCC where appropriate.

2. SEC Section L

Document	SEC Section L
Reference	Section L observation 1
Observation	The SEC specifies that the SMKI PMA Chair will be deemed to have nominated the SMKI Specialist to act as an Alternate for the SMKI PMA Chair and it would be preferable to have the flexibility to adopt the same arrangement as for other sub-committees without this restriction.
Recommendation	Amend Section L1.12 to remove sub-section (a) and amend as below
Status	Removal reflected in SEC Section L1.12 - proposed changes v0001
Detail	<p>L1.12 Each SMKI PMA Member shall be entitled to appoint an Alternate in accordance with Section C5.19 (as it applies pursuant to Section L1.15).; provided that:</p> <p>(a) the SMKI PMA Chair will be deemed to have nominated the SMKI Specialist to act as Alternate for the SMKI PMA Chair; and</p> <p>(b) where the SMKI Specialist is unavailable, The SMKI PMA Chair must nominate another person to act</p>

as Alternate for the SMKI PMA Chair (which person **may be the SMKI Specialist but** may not be another SMKI PMA Member, and which person must be sufficiently independent of any particular Party or class of Parties).

Document	SEC Section L
Reference	Section L observation 2
Observation	To align with MP128B, the SEC needs to provide for the SMKI PMA to direct the DCC to undertake SMKI Recovery for purposes other than a Compromise or suspected Compromise e.g. correcting incorrect SMKI Certificates.
Recommendation	Add Sections L10.31 to L10.33 to specify the circumstances and requirements for the SMKI PMA to direct the DCC to undertake a SMKI Recovery exercise.
Status	Additional SEC Sections L10.31 to L10.33 - proposed changes v0001
Detail	
Further Use of the Recovery Private Key – see new draft text L10.31 – L10.33	

3. SEC Appendix A Device Certificate Policy

Document	SEC Appendix A Device Certificate Policy
Reference	Appendix A observation 1
Observation	Provisions stated as covered by the SMKI RAPP but not apparently covered by the SMKI RAPP
Recommendation	Set section 3.2.4 to 'Not used'
Status	Removal reflected in SEC Appendix A - Device Certificate Policy v2.0 - proposed typographical changes v0002
Detail	
<p>Section 3.2.4 states:</p> <p>(A) Provision is made in the SMKI RAPP in relation to the Authentication of Devices.</p> <p>The definition of 'Authentication' is:</p> <p>means the process of establishing that an individual, organisation, System or Device is what he or it claims to be (and "Authenticate" shall be interpreted accordingly).</p> <p>There does not appear to be any provision in the SMKI RAPP in relation to Authentication of Devices and there is no way to 'Authenticate' that a Device is what is asserted in the CSR. Indeed, CSRs could be submitted before the corresponding Device even exists.</p>	

Document	SEC Appendix A Device Certificate Policy
Reference	Appendix A observation 2
Observation	Provisions stated as covered by the SMKI RAPP but not apparently covered by the SMKI RAPP

Recommendation	Delete part (ii)
Status	Removal reflected in SEC Appendix A - Device Certificate Policy v2.0 - proposed typographical changes v0002
Detail	
<p>Section 4.1.1 states:</p> <p>(A) Provision is made in the SMKI RAPP in relation to:</p> <p>(i) ...</p> <p>(ii) in respect of a DCA Certificate, the procedure to be followed by an Eligible Subscriber in order to obtain a DCA Certificate.</p> <p>There appears no provision for obtaining DCA Certificates in the SMKI RAPP.</p> <p>This is a mirror of Appendix B observation 1.</p>	

Document	SEC Appendix A Device Certificate Policy
Reference	Appendix A observation 3
Observation	Information Assurance Standard does not appear to be available anymore
Recommendation	Change the reference to be a URL (https://www.ncsc.gov.uk/guidance/secure-sanitisation-storage-media)
Status	Change reflected in SEC Appendix A – Device Certificate Policy v2.0 - proposed typographical changes v0002
Detail	
<p>Section 5.1.7 states:</p> <p>(A) The DCA shall ensure that all media used to store Data held by it for the purposes of carrying out its functions as the DCA are disposed of only using secure methods of disposal in accordance with:</p> <p>(i) Information Assurance Standard No. 5:2011 (Secure Sanitisation);</p> <p>This Information Assurance Standard does not appear to be available anymore.</p> <p>This is a mirror of Appendix B observation 3.</p>	

Document	SEC Appendix A Device Certificate Policy
Reference	Appendix A observation 4
Observation	Standard superseded
Recommendation	Update the reference from 2008 to 2014
Status	Change reflected in SEC Appendix A - Device Certificate Policy v2.0 - proposed typographical changes v0002
Detail	
<p>Section 5.4.4 states:</p> <p>(A) The DCA shall ensure that:</p>	

- (i) to the extent to which the Audit Log is retained electronically, the Data stored in it cannot be accessed other than on a read-only basis, and are protected from unauthorised viewing, modification and deletion in accordance with:
- (a) British Standard BS 10008:2008 (Evidential Weight and Legal Admissibility of Electronic Information); or
 - (b) any equivalent to that British Standard which updates or replaces it from time to time

British Standard BS 10008:2008 appears to have been superseded by British Standard BS 10008:2014 (<https://www.bsigroup.com/en-GB/bs-10008-electronic-information-management/>).

This same standard is referenced in 5.4.2.

This is a mirror of Appendix B observation 4

Document	SEC Appendix A Device Certificate Policy
Reference	Appendix A observation 5
Observation	RFC 4108 is 61 pages but the only part of relevance to Appendix A is section 5 and for clarity, this should be referenced to avoid confusion. RFC 4108 is also used more widely in GBCS.
Recommendation	Change the reference to 'RFC 4108 section 5'
Status	Change reflected in SEC Appendix A – Device Certificate Policy v2.0 - proposed changes to RFC 4108 references
Detail	Affects pages 69, 72 and 74

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contain subjectAltName extension which contains a single GeneralName of type otherName that is further sub-typed as a hardwareModuleName (id-onhardwareModuleName) as defined in **RFC 4108 section 5**. The hwSerialNum field shall be set to the Device's Entity Identifier. In adherence to IETF RFC 5280, the subjectAltName shall be marked as critical;

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subjectAltName OtherName contains a single GeneralName of type OtherName that is further sub-typed as a HardwareModuleNa me (id-onhardwareModuleNa me) as defined in **RFC 4108 section 5**. The hwSerialNum field shall be set to the

Managed by



Device's Entity Identifier

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The non-critical subjectAltName extension shall contain a single GeneralName of type OtherName that is further sub-typed as a HardwareModuleName (id-onhardwareModuleName) as defined in [RFC 4108 section 5](#). The hwSerialNum field shall be set to the Device ID.

4. SEC Appendix B Organisation Certificate Policy

Document	SEC Appendix B Organisation Certificate Policy
Reference	Appendix B observation 1
Observation	Provisions stated as covered by the SMKI RAPP but not apparently covered by the SMKI RAPP
Recommendation	Delete part (ii)
Status	Removal reflected in SEC Appendix B - Organisation Certificate Policy v3.0 - proposed typographical changes v002
Detail	<p>Section 4.1.1 states:</p> <p>(A) Provision is made in the SMKI RAPP in relation to:</p> <p>(i) ...</p> <p>(ii) in respect of an OCA Certificate, the procedure to be followed by an Eligible Subscriber in order to obtain an OCA Certificate.</p> <p>There appears no provision for obtaining OCA Certificates in the SMKI RAPP.</p>

Document	SEC Appendix B Organisation Certificate Policy
Reference	Appendix B observation 2
Observation	There does not appear any definition as to when a Certificate is treated as accepted
Recommendation	To note
Status	No further proposed action
Detail	<p>Section 4.4.1 states:</p> <p>(B) A Certificate which has been Issued by the OCA shall not be treated as valid for any purposes of this Policy or the Code <u>until it is treated as having been accepted</u> by the Eligible Subscriber to which it was Issued.</p> <p>From the SMKI IDS section 2.3.1.5:</p> <p>Upon downloading the Issued Organisation Certificate, the Authorised Subscriber shall in accordance with L11.5 of the Code, establish that the information contained in the resulting</p>

Organisation Certificate is consistent with the information contained in the corresponding Organisation CSR.

Should there be an inconsistency, the Authorised Subscriber shall immediately reject the Organisation Certificate in accordance with L11.5 by notifying the DCC via the DCC's Service Desk, and inform the DCC of the inconsistency. Should the DCC be notified by an Authorised Subscriber of an inconsistency, the DCC shall log the event and investigate as appropriate.

Upon rejection of the Organisation Certificate by an Authorised Subscriber and subsequent notification to the DCC of such rejection, the DCC shall revoke the Organisation Certificate, place the Organisation Certificate on the Organisation CRL, and lodge the updated Organisation CRL in the SMKI Repository in accordance with Appendix B of the Code.

Thus, there does not appear any definition as to when a Certificate is treated as accepted by the Eligible Subscriber to which it was Issued.

Document	SEC Appendix B Organisation Certificate Policy
Reference	Appendix B observation 3
Observation	Information Assurance Standard does not appear to be available anymore
Recommendation	Change the reference to be a URL (https://www.ncsc.gov.uk/guidance/secure-sanitisation-storage-media)
Status	Change reflected in SEC Appendix B - Organisation Certificate Policy v3.0 - proposed typographical changes v002
Detail	Section 5.1.7 states: <div style="margin-left: 40px;">(A) The OCA shall ensure that all media used to store Data held by it for the purposes of carrying out its functions as the OCA are disposed of only using secure methods of disposal in accordance with: <div style="margin-left: 40px;">(i) Information Assurance Standard No. 5:2011 (Secure Sanitisation);</div> </div> This Information Assurance Standard does not appear to be available anymore.

Document	SEC Appendix B Organisation Certificate Policy
Reference	Appendix B observation 4
Observation	Standard superseded
Recommendation	Update reference from 2008 to 2014
Status	Change reflected in SEC Appendix B - Organisation Certificate Policy v3.0 - proposed typographical changes v002
Detail	Section 5.4.4 states: <div style="margin-left: 40px;">(A) The OCA shall ensure that:</div>

<p>(i) to the extent to which the Audit Log is retained electronically, the Data stored in it cannot be accessed other than on a read-only basis, and are protected from unauthorised viewing, modification and deletion in accordance with:</p> <p>(a) British Standard BS 10008:2008 (Evidential Weight and Legal Admissibility of Electronic Information); or</p> <p>(b) any equivalent to that British Standard which updates or replaces it from time to time</p> <p>British Standard BS 10008:2008 appears to have been superseded by British Standard BS 10008:2014 (https://www.bsigroup.com/en-GB/bs-10008-electronic-information-management/).</p> <p>This same standard is referenced in 5.4.2.</p>

Document	SEC Appendix B Organisation Certificate Policy
Reference	Appendix B observation 5
Observation	Provisions stated as covered by the SMKI RAPP but not apparently covered by the SMKI RAPP
Recommendation	Amend documentation in SMKI RAPP
Status	Changes reflected in SEC Appendix D - SMKI Registration Authority Policies and Procedures - proposed typographical changes v002
Detail	<p>Section 4.9.3 states:</p> <p>(B) On receiving a Certificate Revocation Request, the OCA shall take reasonable steps to:</p> <p>(i) ...</p> <p>(ii) ...</p> <p>(iii) confirm that a reason for the request has been specified in accordance with Part 4.9.2 of this Policy.</p> <p>There appears no provision to cover (iii) in the SMKI RAPP.</p>

Document	SEC Appendix B Organisation Certificate Policy
Reference	Appendix B observation 6
Observation	RFC 6318 references are unneeded
Recommendation	Remove RFC 6318 references
Status	Changes reflected in SEC Appendix D - SMKI Registration Authority Policies and Procedures - proposed typographical changes v002
Detail	<p>The three references to RFC 6318 are just to reference the OID. In all three cases the OID is directly referenced so reference to RFC 6318 is unneeded.</p>

Document	SEC Appendix B Organisation Certificate Policy
Reference	Appendix B observation 7
Observation	An addition to section 6.2.6 is needed
Recommendation	Add a sub-section (c) to Section 6.2.6
Status	The change is needed to support operational realities such as a change/migration of Trusted Service Provider (TSP) or datacentre
Detail	
The current re-platforming of the Trusted Service Provider (TSP) due to the existing Digicert platform being discontinued requires the OCA Private Key to be transferred to a different datacentre. Appendix B section 6.2.6 does not explicitly cover such a situation and allowing the SMKI PMA to give approval following SSC consultation is a sensible addition.	

5. SEC Appendix C SMKI Compliance Policy

Document	SEC Appendix C SMKI Compliance Policy
Reference	Appendix C observation 1
Observation	Section 5 'Subsequent Assurance Assessment' does not equivalent obligations to other compliance policy's – such as the S1SPKM Compliance Policy
Recommendation	Add additional obligations to section 5 to bring drafting in line with S1SPKM Compliance Policy
Status	Additional drafting added in 'SEC Appendix C - SMKI Compliance Policy - proposed changes v0002'
Detail	
Section 5 needs more detail to align with Appendix AO (S1SPKM Compliance Policy).	

6. SEC Appendix D SMKI Registration Authority Policies and Procedures

Document	SEC Appendix D SMKI Registration Authority Policies and Procedures
Reference	Appendix D observation 1
Observation	Requirement on submitting organisation appears not possible to meet
Recommendation	DCC to provide drafting to detail their actual process, and for that to be reflected in drafting. Updated: Agreed with DCC to amend the form in Appendix A1 of SEC Appendix D.
Status	Pending DCC input. Agreed subject to SMKI PMA approval in December 2021
Detail	
Section 5.1 states:	

The applicant organisation shall complete the Organisation Information Form, as set out in SMKI RAPP Annex A (A1). In doing so, the applicant organisation shall ensure that:

- a. the information entered on the form is complete and accurate;
- b. the EUI-64 Compliant identifier range for any particular User Role is defined by the applicant organisation such that the range is continuous and does not overlap with the EUI-64 Compliant identifier range for any other User Role, other than where a particular EUI-64 Compliant identifier is allowed to be used for more than one User Role in accordance with H1.5;

The underlined text appears not possible as the form referred to does not allow the mapping of EUI64 identifiers to User Roles. **Update: Agreed with DCC to amend the form subject to SMKI PMA approval. No SEC changes needed.**

Document	SEC Appendix D SMKI Registration Authority Policies and Procedures
Reference	Appendix D observation 2
Observation	Unclear as to the role of SMKI PMA members in credential revocations
Recommendation	Withdraw this observation Remove reference to SMKI PMA member
Status	Removal reflected in SEC Appendix D - SMKI Registration Authority Policies and Procedures - proposed typographical changes v002 since withdrawn
Detail	

Section 8.3.4.7 states:

Notify DCC's CISO, SMKI Registration Authority Manager, or SMKI PMA Member who submitted the original Credential Revocation Request Form that the revocation has been completed.

However, Section 8.3.4.1 states:

Complete the Credential Revocation Request Form as set out in SMKI RAPP Annex A (A7), ensuring that the information entered on the form is complete and accurate, and the Credential Revocation Request Form is authorised:

- a. for a member of SMKI Registration Authority Personnel, by a SMKI Registration Authority Manager; or
- b. for a SMKI Registration Authority Manager, by the DCC's CISO.

~~Thus, it is not clear why SMKI PMA members are referred to in 8.3.4.7 / the circumstances in which a SMKI PMA member may submit a Credential Revocation Request.~~

On further review, the references in 8.3.4 are consistent with the requirements in 8.3.3 and should be maintained as per the original drafting.

7. SEC Appendix J Enduring Test Approach Document

Document	SEC Appendix J Enduring Test Approach Document
Reference	Appendix J observation 1
Observation	Unclear as to where the DCC publishes the Test Certificate Policy. The SEC requires it to be published but it is not currently available.
Recommendation	Clarify that the Test Certificate Policy should be published on the DCC Website as for other SEC references (App L 3.4.2(b) and many others)
Status	Amendment to Appendix J Section 3.2 as shown below
Detail	<p>3.2 For the purposes of clause 3.1, the Test Documents means:</p> <p>(a) the Test Certificate Policy, which shall be a document published on by the DCC website and approved by the SMKI PMA which corresponds (insofar as relevant in respect of the Testing Services) in purpose, content and effect to the Organisation Certificate Policy, the Device Certificate Policy and the IKI Certificate Policy;</p>

8. SEC Appendix K SMKI and Repository Test Scenarios Document

No observations but there are proposed typographical corrections reflected in the redlined version with associated explanatory comments.

9. SEC Appendix L SMKI Repository Procedure

Document	SEC-Appendix-L-SMKI-Recovery-Procedure
Reference	Appendix L observation 1
Observation	The scope of Appendix L seems more limited than that specified in SEC section L, in terms of the private keys within scope
Recommendation	Drafting changes to be made to align scope between Section L10.30 and Appendix L1.2, including to cover compromise of any Enduring CoS related private keys (so XML signing keys across the board). In relation to L10.30 (vi) in Appendix L (S1SP private keys), drafting is to state that recovery is covered in the relevant CPS.
Status	Changes reflected in SEC Appendix L - SMKI Recovery Procedure - proposed change v005
Detail	<p>SEC L10.1 states that the SMKI Recovery Procedure sets out provisions 'in relation to any incident in which a Relevant Private Key is (or is suspected of being) Compromised'.</p> <p>SEC L10.30 defines a Relevant Private Key as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the Contingency Symmetric Key; (ii) a Private Key which is associated with a Public Key contained in any Organisation Certificate or OCA Certificate, Data from which is used to populate the Device Security Credentials of a Device comprising part of an Enrolled Smart Metering System;

- (iii) a Private Key which is associated with a Public Key contained in any Organisation Certificate, Data from which is used to populate part of any Device Security Credentials held by an S1SP;
- (iv) a Private Key which was used as part of the process of Issuing any OCA Certificate or Organisation Certificate referred to in paragraph (ii) or (iii) above;
- (v) a Private Key which is used to Digitally Sign any XML Document, and which is associated with a Public Key that is contained within any Organisation Certificate; or
- (vi) a Private Key which is associated with a Public Key contained in any certificate issued in accordance with an S1SPKI Certificate Policy, and which is determined by the SMKI PMA as being a Private Key for the purposes of this paragraph;

Appendix L 1.2 (scope) **states that the scope of Appendix L is more limited:**

- a) Private Keys associated with Organisation Certificates stored on SMETS2+ Devices (other than those associated with a Recovery Certificate), where such SMETS2+ Devices have an SMI Status of 'commissioned' or Private Keys associated with S1SP Held Digital Signing Device Security Credentials;
- b) the Contingency Symmetric Key;
- c) the Contingency Private Key;
- d) the Private Key associated with an Issuing OCA Certificate;
- e) the Private Key associated with a Root OCA Certificate;
- f) the Private Key associated with a Recovery Certificate; and
- g) a User Role Signing Private Key

For example, SEC Section L would seem to cover the following, but Appendix L would not:

- Private Keys used by the DCC to sign XML
- Private Keys related to Certificates on Devices with statuses other than commissioned (e.g. recovered, installedNotComissioned, whitelisted)

Appendix L section 2 states that that it applies whenever a Relevant Private Key is Compromised but the Appendix L's scope appears more limited.

Document	SEC-Appendix-L-SMKI-Recovery-Procedure
Reference	Appendix L observation 2
Observation	The scope of Appendix L section 3.2 (Notification and confirmation of a suspected Compromise) may be read as more limited than the scope of procedures to recover from Compromise.
Recommendation	The drafting is to be aligned to the scope of Appendix L section 1.2.
Status	Changes reflected in SEC Appendix L - SMKI Recovery Procedure - proposed change v005
Detail	
<p>The provision in Appendix L 3.2 covers:</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>a Compromise or suspected Compromise of a Relevant Private Key or a Private Key associated with an Organisation Certificate that is used by a User to Digitally Sign any Service Request or Signed Pre-Command</u></p>	

As per section L, the definition of Relevant Private Keys includes ‘a Private Key associated with an Organisation Certificate that is used by a User to Digitally Sign any Service Request or Signed Pre-Command’, so the underlined text is unneeded and potentially ambiguous as to scope.

Document	SEC-Appendix-L-SMKI-Recovery-Procedure
Reference	Appendix L observation 3
Observation	The definitions of categories of private keys (and so the associated recovery methods) overlap, and so there may be some ambiguity of interpretation.
Recommendation	The drafting is to be revised to remove the overlap.
Status	Changes reflected in SEC Appendix L - SMKI Recovery Procedure - proposed change v005
Detail	<p>A Private Key is ‘associated’ with a Certificate if its Public Key is in the Certificate. Although the definition implies there is only one public key in a certificate, there are two in the Root OCA Certificate.</p> <p>Both the ‘root’ private key and the Contingency Private Key are therefore associated with the Root OCA Certificate.</p>

Document	SEC-Appendix-L-SMKI-Recovery-Procedure
Reference	Appendix L observation 4
Observation	Prepayment factors
Recommendation	General provisions are to be drafted, and referred to from each relevant recovery method, to address prepayment related factors
Status	Changes reflected in SEC Appendix L - SMKI Recovery Procedure - proposed change v005
Detail	<p>Section 4 Methods 2 & 3 locks out supplier functionality on affected Devices, since they set the SMI Status to ‘Recovery’ (which stops all device functionality apart from locally entered UTRNs) and places ACB certificates in supplier Trust Anchor Cells (which would also block locally entered UTRNs).</p> <p>This suggests the risks to prepayment customers and those any attacker may have put into prepayment mode may be worth highlighting in the recovery procedures.</p> <p>Further 4.2.1.3 would seem to require that Devices are locked out from all functionality (apart from locally entered UTRNs) before SMKI PMA has decided to proceed using this method:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">The DCC shall disable processing of communications destined for SMETS2+ Devices that it has been notified (in Step 4.2.1.2) are affected by the Compromise, for all Parties other than the DCC, by setting the SMI Status of those SMETS2+ Devices to ‘Recovery’. The</p>

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DCC shall request a decision from the SMKI PMA as to whether recovery should be carried out.

Note that 4.2.2.4 suggest Suppliers cannot choose to only use this option on a subset of Trust Anchor Cells, so the prepayment slot would be affected:

The DCC shall send Commands to each affected SMETS2+ Device, Digitally Signed using the Recovery Private Key, in order to replace Organisation Certificates in all of the Supplier slots on SMETS2+ Devices as notified

Further, in the case where PMA decides not to proceed, setting the SMI Status back to what it was prior to 'Recovery' would appear to leave the Devices still inoperable, if the compromised private keys have been destroyed (e.g. as required by method 3)

Document	SEC-Appendix-L-SMKI-Recovery-Procedure
Reference	Appendix L observation 5
Observation	Some section 4 provisions do not seem possible if it relates to a DCC compromise.
Recommendation	Section 5 and 6 are to be reviewed for technical accuracy & viability with DCC, and drafting updated accordingly. Updated: Discussions underway with DCC and SMKI PMA to agree the correct order of steps to achieve the aims of Appendix L Section 5 (see also observation 6)
Status	Pending DCC input to allow relevant sections to be redrafted to reflect what DCC have in place / would intend. Note that drafting as to global ADTs has been added to the Changes reflected in SEC Appendix L - SMKI Recovery Procedure - proposed change v005
Detail	

Document	SEC-Appendix-L-SMKI-Recovery-Procedure
Reference	Appendix L observation 6
Observation	Section 4.1.2.6 requires that private keys should be destroyed and certificates revoked as soon as actions in relation to SMETS2+ Devices are completed.
Recommendation	As part of observation 4, add drafting to require those responsible for making decisions to factor in the range of risks before deciding whether to destroy / revoke and, if so, when. Updated: Discussions underway with DCC and SMKI PMA to agree the correct order of steps to achieve the aims of Appendix L Section 5 (see also observation 5)
Status	Changes reflected in SEC Appendix L - SMKI Recovery Procedure - proposed change v005
Detail	

Section 4.1.2.6 requires that private keys should be destroyed and certificates revoked as soon as actions in relation to SMETS2+ Devices are completed. This may not always be advisable (e.g. if actions were still underway on SMETS1 Devices). It may be worth adding a caveat accordingly.

Similarly, 4.1A.2.6 requires such actions from SMETS1 actions are complete. It may be worth adding a caveat similarly.

Similarly for 4.2.2.10

Document	SEC-Appendix-L-SMKI-Recovery-Procedure
Reference	Appendix L observation 7
Observation	Recovery method 1A: 4.1A.1.4
Recommendation	The requirement should be removed
Status	Changes reflected in SEC Appendix L - SMKI Recovery Procedure - proposed change v005
Detail	
Recovery method 1A: 4.1A.1.4 requires that Suppliers are notified if the Network Operator's credentials are compromised. However, those credentials can only affect Network Operator access to SMETS1 information (they are not on Devices and are used only for access control). Thus, it is not clear why Suppliers would have an interest.	

Document	SEC-Appendix-L-SMKI-Recovery-Procedure
Reference	Appendix L observation 8
Observation	Some of the statements of 4.2.1.1 / 4.3.1.1 appear incorrect
Recommendation	Drafting to be corrected as part of observation 4
Status	Changes reflected in SEC Appendix L - SMKI Recovery Procedure - proposed change v005
Detail	
4.2.1.1 / 4.3.1.1 is a pre-recovery step but states that use of the compromised private key <u>'will either be constrained by the status of the Device in the SMI, or the fact that a DCC Access Control Broker Certificate is now on the Device.'</u>	
These appear arguably misleading statements, as no actions have been taken by this step.	

Document	SEC-Appendix-L-SMKI-Recovery-Procedure
Reference	Appendix L observation 9
Observation	Method 3 areas of risk
Recommendation	Drafting to be corrected as part of observation 4
Status	Changes reflected in SEC Appendix L - SMKI Recovery Procedure - proposed change v005
Detail	
4.3.1.1 requires that 'as soon as possible' after the subscriber notifies its desire to use this method (so before the PMA has considered approving its use), the subscriber revokes the certificates and destroys the associated private keys. This may be an unwise course of action (e.g. for prepayment customers, if the PMA does not approve method 3 etc.). Note there is a caveat warning that this may not be the best course, but no exception in the requirement to align to the caveat. The	

requirement seems absolute, stating 'The affected Subscriber shall destroy the Private Key associated with the revoked Organisation Certificate.'

Document	SEC-Appendix-L-SMKI-Recovery-Procedure
Reference	Appendix L observation 10
Observation	Recovery using contingency
Recommendation	Drafting to be corrected as part of observation 4
Status	Changes reflected in SEC Appendix L - SMKI Recovery Procedure - proposed change v005
Detail	
<p>As required by 5.2.1, all remote access to Devices is disabled whilst this is underway. This means that the only prepayment functionality would be locally entered top ups. This is not currently recognised in the procedure but would appear to have significant implications. It may be that some provisions should be added (e.g. to put prepayment devices in a state where they will not disable before communications are blocked).</p> <p>Further 5.2.8 requires that all supplier certificates are replaced with ACB ones. This would lock out all prepayment functionality even after the reset of SMI status at 5.2.9.</p>	

Document	SEC-Appendix-L-SMKI-Recovery-Procedure
Reference	Appendix L observation 11
Observation	Recovery using contingency
Recommendation	Section 5 and 6 are to be reviewed for technical accuracy & viability with DCC, and drafting updated accordingly.
Status	Pending DCC input to allow relevant sections to be redrafted to reflect what DCC have in place / would intend
Detail	
<p>The procedure appears to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Require at (5.1.6) that the Contingency Private Key and Contingency Symmetric Key have to be destroyed before they are used (5.2.7). - Require that new recovery, acb and wanProvider Certificates have been created under the new root, but there appear no requirements to have generated any of the required keys, nor to certify them. - Similarly, that that all network operators and suppliers have new certificates. Again, there appear no requirements on those parties to undertake the pre-requisite steps e.g. key pair generation. - Stop suppliers from bringing their Devices back in to full use until the network operator has undertaken all the steps to create new certificates, and published details of those it wishes to use (in line with wider SEC obligations on suppliers using the correct NO certs). <p>There are similar questions as to some details in section 6.</p>	

Document	SEC-Appendix-L-SMKI-Recovery-Procedure
Reference	Appendix L observation 12
Observation	Supply chain implications
Recommendation	Drafting to be corrected as part of observation 4
Status	Changes reflected in SEC Appendix L - SMKI Recovery Procedure - proposed change v005
Detail	<p>Section 6.1 recognises that Contingency Key recovery would impact Devices in the supply chain and requires the SMKI PMA to consider this, including on deciding timing of destroying the compromised private keys.</p> <p>The same points would appear to be more widely true, where it affects Certificates required on Devices at manufacture (e.g. root, recovery, acb etc). However, there appear to be no similar supply chain requirements.</p>

10. SEC Appendix M SMKI Interface Design Specification

Document	SEC Appendix M SMKI Interface Design Specification
Reference	Appendix M observation 1
Observation	Requirement to notify number of Device CSRs submitted in a batch appears not possible to meet
Recommendation	Remove statement highlight in Detail.
Status	Change reflected in SEC Appendix M - SMKI Interface Design Specification v3.0 - proposed typographical changes v002
Detail	<p>Section 2.5.1.2 states:</p> <p>On receipt of an XML document containing a Batched CSR to the Batched Device CSR Web Service interface from an Authorised Subscriber's system, the DCC shall:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> either accept, or reject the Batched CSR, log relevant errors and return in the synchronous XML response to the Authorised Subscriber's systems, to notify the Authorised Subscriber as to: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> where the Batched CSR is accepted, acceptance of the Batched CSR <u>and the number of Device CSRs submitted within the Batched CSR</u> <p>The underlined text appears not possible as the Batched Device CSR Web Service interface schema does not allow for a way for this number to be provided in response to a request.</p>

Document	SEC Appendix M SMKI Interface Design Specification
Reference	Appendix M observation 2
Observation	RFC analysis: RFC 4648 only occurs in SEC Appendix M (SMKI Interface Design Specification) where it relates to a 'base 64' standard in a CSR and

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	returned Certificate. A more relevant reference would be RFC 7468, which actually specifies the encodings for CSRs and Certificates and itself references RFC 4648. This would be a more correct reference to follow.
Recommendation	Make amendments where 'base64text' appears in in Appendices A, C and D.
Status	Change reflected in SEC Appendix M - SMKI Interface Design Specification v3.0 - proposed typographical changes v003
Detail	<p>Appendix A Device Certificate Signing Request: Element Table This element contains the 'base64text' field (as defined in RFC7468 section 3) of the PKCS#10 Certificate Signing Request (CSR) without whitespace. The element shall NOT contain the 'preeb' and 'posteb' fields.</p> <p>Appendix A Response to Ad Hoc Device Certificate Signing Request: Element Table This element contains the 'base64text' field (as defined in RFC7468 section 3) of a DER X509v3 certificate without whitespace. The element shall NOT contain the 'preeb' and 'posteb' fields.</p> <p>Appendix C Submit Batched CSR Message: Element Table This element contains the 'base64text' field (as defined in RFC7468 section 3) of the PKCS#10 Certificate Signing Request (CSR) without whitespace. The element shall NOT contain the 'preeb' and 'posteb' fields.</p> <p>Appendix D Batched CSR Result: Element Table This element contains the 'base64text' field (as defined in RFC7468 section 3) of a DER X509v3 certificate without whitespace. The element shall NOT contain the 'preeb' and 'posteb' fields.</p>

11. SEC Appendix N SMKI Code of Connection

Document	SEC Appendix N SMKI Code of Connection
Reference	Appendix N observation 1
Observation	Web browser versions are now outdated
Recommendation	Change obligation so that DCC is required to publish supported lists and consult before making any changes. This would avoid this section being constantly out of date.
Status	Changes reflected in SEC Appendix N - SMKI Code of Connection - proposed v0002
Detail	<p>Section 1.1 states:</p> <p>The DCC shall ensure that the SMKI Portal interface via a DCC Gateway Connection, and SMKI Portal interface via the Internet supports, as a minimum, the following web browsers and versions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Google Chrome version 34. • Internet Explorer versions 9, 10 and 11. • Mozilla Firefox version 27.

These versions are outdated / unsupported by the vendors so should they be updated (e.g. <https://www.theverge.com/2020/8/17/21372487/microsoft-internet-explorer-11-support-end-365-legacy-edge>). IE will be completely unsupported, so should be removed for clarity?

Document	SEC Appendix N SMKI Code of Connection
Reference	Appendix N observation 2
Observation	Microsoft versions are now outdated
Recommendation	As per Appendix N observation 1
Status	Changes reflected in SEC Appendix N - SMKI Code of Connection - proposed v0002
Detail	

Section 1.1 states:

The DCC shall ensure that the SMKI Portal interface via a DCC Gateway Connection and SMKI Portal interface via the Internet are tested with the browsers set out above on the Microsoft Windows 7 & 8.1 operating systems (along with applicable future versions).

Operating systems other than those listed above may also be compatible, though they will not be supported.

Section 2.3.1 further states:

The DCC shall make the Authentication Client software available to Parties and RDPs and ensure that the software:

- (a) ...
- (b) is compatible with Microsoft Windows 7 and 8.1 operating systems;

Similar to Appendix N observation 1. Microsoft stopped Windows 7 support in 2020, so it is not clear if / how DCC are meeting this obligation.

Document	SEC Appendix N SMKI Code of Connection
Reference	Appendix N observation 3
Observation	Redundant / incorrect obligations
Recommendation	Delete part (b)
Status	Changes reflected in SEC Appendix N - SMKI Code of Connection - proposed v0002
Detail	

Section 2.2 states:

The DCC shall enable Parties or RDPs with access to the SMKI Portal interface via the Internet to:

- (a) submit Organisation CSRs and retrieve resulting Organisation Certificates;
- (b) access the documents set out in section 2.6.1 of the SMKI Interface Design Specification.

Part (b) appears redundant as only CSRs and Certificates are accessible, which is covered by bullet (a). In addition, there is no section 2.6.1 in the SMKI IDS so it is unclear what documents are being referred to in the first place.

Document	SEC Appendix N SMKI Code of Connection
Reference	Appendix N observation 4
Observation	Obligations defined with regards to use of unsupported software
Recommendation	Delete on the basis that Internet Explorer is unsupported software.
Status	Changes reflected in SEC Appendix N - SMKI Code of Connection - proposed v0002
Detail	<p>Section 2.3.1 states:</p> <p>Once the Authentication Client software is successfully installed and where using the Internet Explorer browser to access the SMKI Portal, the Party or RDP shall, prior to any attempt to access the SMKI Portal, ensure that the web browser security settings on such computers are not set to 'High' and shall ensure that TLS1.2 is enabled in the web browser settings. If such security settings are set to 'High', some functionality, particularly in relation to search and ordering functionality, may not operate correctly.</p> <p>Internet Explorer is unsupported software.</p>

12. SEC Appendix O SMKI Repository Interface Design Specification

Document	SEC Appendix O SMKI Repository Interface Design Specification
Reference	Appendix O observation 1
Observation	RFCs 4251, RFC 4252, RFC 4253 and RFC 959 have been analysed and need an explanatory reference to ensure industry good practice is applied.
Recommendation	Add a sentence at the start to clarify that the recommended practices for management stated in NISTIR 7966 section 5 should be followed where RFC references are shown in this section.
Status	Change reflected in SEC Appendix O – SMKI Repository Interface Design Specification v3.0
Detail	<p>2.3.1 General Obligations (already amended for typographical changes:</p> <p>The DCC shall ensure that the SFTP Interface to the SMKI Repository enables DCC Gateway Connection users' systems to download Organisation Certificates, OCA Certificates, Device Certificates, DCA Certificates, Organisation CRLs and Organisation ARLs lodged in the SMKI Repository, as set out this section and Annex C of this document. The recommended practices for management stated in NISTIR 7966 section 5 should be followed where RFC references are shown in this section.</p>

Document	SEC Appendix O SMKI Repository Interface Design Specification
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Reference	Appendix O observation 2
Observation	The current reference to (SSH) in 2.3.1(b)(i) could permit the use of SSH-1 which is no longer acceptable
Recommendation	Amend the reference to Secure Shell (SSH) protocol to (SSH-2)
Status	Change reflected in SEC Appendix O – SMKI Repository Interface Design Specification v3.0
Detail	
<p>2.3.1 General Obligations</p> <p>(b) is implemented in a standard format</p> <p>i. conforming to Secure Shell (SSH-2) protocol, in accordance with RFC 4251, RFC 4252 and RFC 4253;</p>	

13. SEC Appendix P SMKI Repository Code of Connection

No observations but there are proposed typographical corrections reflected in the redlined version with associated explanatory comments.

14. SEC Appendix Q IKI Certificate Policy

Document	SEC Appendix Q IKI Certificate Policy
Reference	Appendix Q observation 1
Observation	Information Assurance Standard does not appear to be available anymore
Recommendation	Change the reference to be a URL (https://www.ncsc.gov.uk/guidance/secure-sanitisation-storage-media)
Status	Change reflected in SEC Appendix Q – IKI Certificate Policy - proposed typographical changes v0002
Detail	
<p>Section 5.1.7 states:</p> <p>(A) The ICA shall ensure that all media used to store Data held by it for the purposes of carrying out its functions as the ICA are disposed of only using secure methods of disposal in accordance with:</p> <p>(i) Information Assurance Standard No. 5:2011 (Secure Sanitisation); or</p> <p>(ii) any equivalent to that Information Assurance Standard which updates or replaces it from time to time.</p> <p>This Information Assurance Standard does not appear to be available anymore.</p> <p>This is a mirror of Appendix B observation 3 and Appendix A observation 3.</p>	

Document	SEC Appendix Q IKI Certificate Policy
Reference	Appendix Q observation 2
Observation	Standard superseded
Recommendation	Update reference from 2008 to 2014
Status	Change reflected in SEC Appendix Q - IKI Certificate Policy - proposed typographical changes v0002
Detail	<p>Section 5.4.2 states:</p> <p>(ii) all ICA Systems activity recorded in the Audit Log is recorded in a standard format that is compliant with:</p> <p>(a) British Standard BS 10008:2008 (Evidential Weight and Legal Admissibility of Electronic Information); or</p> <p>British Standard BS 10008:2008 appears to have been superseded by British Standard BS 10008:2014 (https://www.bsigroup.com/en-GB/bs-10008-electronic-information-management/).</p> <p>This same standard is referenced in 5.4.4.</p> <p>This is a mirror of Appendix B observation 4 and Appendix A observation 4.</p>

Document	SEC Appendix Q IKI Certificate Policy
Reference	Appendix Q observation 3
Observation	IKI Certificate requirements appear to contradict one another
Recommendation	Remove the bullet as the drafting appears redundant
Status	Change reflected in SEC Appendix Q - IKI Certificate Policy - proposed typographical changes v0002
Detail	<p>Annex B states:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> IKI Certificates contain an X520OrganizationalName attribute whose value will be set to that of the Authorised Subscriber, an X520OrganizationalUnitName attribute whose value shall be set to the two octet hexadecimal representation of the RemotePartyRole that this Certificate allows the subject of the certificate to request SMKI Organisation Certificates under and a X520commonName attribute whose value will be set to the ARO's or system name. <p>All other bullets in this list are qualified, and relate to a subset of IKI Certificates only (i.e. "IKI Certificates issued by the IKI Administrator CA contain..." or "IKI Certificates issued by the IKI Registration Authority CA contain...". This one does not have a qualifier and so contradicts a number of other bullets. It would appear this drafting is spurious.</p>

Document	SEC Appendix Q IKI Certificate Policy
Reference	Appendix Q observation 4
Observation	An addition to section 6.2.6 is needed
Recommendation	Add a sub-section (c) to Section 6.2.6
Status	The change is needed to support operational realities such as a change/migration of Trusted Service Provider (TSP) or datacentre
Detail	
The current re-platforming of the Trusted Service Provider (TSP) due to the existing Digicert platform being discontinued requires the IKI CA Private Key to be transferred to a different datacentre. Appendix Q section 6.2.6 does not explicitly cover such a situation and allowing the SMKI PMA to give approval following SSC consultation is a sensible addition.	

15. SEC Appendix S DCCKI Certificate Policy

Document	SEC Appendix S DCCKI Certificate Policy
Reference	Appendix S observation 1
Observation	Information Assurance Standard does not appear to be available anymore
Recommendation	Change the reference to be a URL (https://www.ncsc.gov.uk/guidance/secure-sanitisation-storage-media)
Status	Change reflected in SEC Appendix S – DCCKI Certificate Policy - proposed typographical changes v0002
Detail	
<p>Section 5.1.7 states:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">The DCCKICA shall ensure that all media used to store Data held by it for the purposes of carrying out its functions is securely disposed of in accordance with HMG Information Assurance Standard No 5 or an equivalent standard.</p> <p>This Information Assurance Standard does not appear to be available anymore. This is a mirror of Appendix B observation 3 and Appendix A observation 3.</p>	

Document	SEC Appendix S DCCKI Certificate Policy
Reference	Appendix S observation 2
Observation	Referenced document does not appear to exist
Recommendation	Update to refer to the SMKI PMA Guidance on “Verifying Individual Identity” published on the Website
Status	Change reflected in SEC Appendix S – DCCKI Certificate Policy - proposed typographical changes v0002
Detail	
Section 5.2.3 states:	

- (a) All DCCKICA Personnel shall be required to authenticate via a strong two factor Authentication in accordance with Level 2 of the HMG Authentication Framework before they can access any facilities.

It appears that 'HMG Authentication Framework' does not exist.

Document	SEC Appendix S DCCKI Certificate Policy
Reference	Appendix S observation 3
Observation	'HMG Security Check' is undefined
Recommendation	Align drafting to SEC section A definition of Security Check
Status	Change reflected in SEC Appendix S – DCCKI Certificate Policy - proposed typographical changes v0002
Detail	<p>Section 5.3.1 states:</p> <p>(a) The DCCKICA shall ensure that all DCCKICA Personnel must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) ... (ii) ... (iii) ... (iv) have, as a minimum, passed an HMG Security Check (SC) level of vetting, before commencing their roles. <p>HMG Security Check (SC) is not defined, making it unclear what level of vetting is actually required.</p>

Document	SEC Appendix S DCCKI Certificate Policy
Reference	Appendix S observation 4
Observation	Standard superseded
Recommendation	Update reference from 2008 to 2014
Status	Change reflected in SEC Appendix S - DCCKI Certificate Policy - proposed typographical changes v0001
Detail	<p>Section 5.4.4 states:</p> <p>(ii) to the extent to which the Audit Log is retained electronically, the DCCKICA event log Data stored in it cannot be accessed other than on a read-only basis, and are protected from unauthorised viewing, modification and deletion in accordance with British Standard BS 10008:2008 (Evidential weight and legal admissibility of electronic information) or an equivalent standard; and</p>

British Standard BS 10008:2008 appears to have been superseded by British Standard BS 10008:2014 (<https://www.bsigroup.com/en-GB/bs-10008-electronic-information-management/>).

This same standard is referenced in 5.5.1.

This is a mirror of Appendix B observation 4 and Appendix A observation 4.

16. SEC Appendix T DCCKI Interface Design Specification

Document	SEC Appendix T DCCKI Interface Design Specification
Reference	Appendix T observation 1
Observation	Standard superseded
Recommendation	Update reference from RFC2253 to RFC4514
Status	Change reflected in SEC Appendix T - DCCKI Interface Design Specification
Detail	
<p>Section 3.9 states:</p> <p>3.9 Prior to Digitally Signing the DCCKI Certificate Signing Request, the DCCKI Eligible Subscriber shall append to the footer of the PKCS#10 file, the Issuer which shall be URL encoded (as specified in the IETF RFC 45142253) and serial number of the SMKI Organisation Certificate with preceding “,” separators.</p> <p>The reference to IETF RFC 2253 has been superseded by IETF 4514</p>	

17. SEC Appendix U DCCKI Repository Interface Design Specification

No observations but there are proposed typographical corrections reflected in the redlined version with associated explanatory comments.

18. SEC Appendix V DCCKI CoCo and DCCKI Repository CoCo

No observations but there are proposed typographical corrections reflected in the redlined version with associated explanatory comments.

19. SEC Appendix W DCCKI Registration Authority Policies and Procedures

No observations but there are proposed typographical corrections reflected in the redlined version with associated explanatory comments.

20. SEC Appendix X Registration Data Interface Specification

Document	SEC Appendix X Registration Data Interface Specification
Reference	Appendix X observation 1
Observation	RFC analysis: RFC 959 is used in section 2.5 and needs to be clarified which is best achieved in the introductory paragraph. At present, the SEC section 2.5 just says "The Registration Data Interface shall utilise FTPS".
Recommendation	To ensure FTPS is used correctly to ensure alignment with SMKI references in Appendix O, an addition should be made: The Registration Data Interface shall utilise FTPS following the list of recommended tasks for implementing an information exchange stated in NIST SP 800-47 revision 1 Section 3.2.2.
Status	Change reflected in SEC Appendix X – Registration Data Interface Specification.
Detail	<p>2.3.1(b) NIST SP 800-47 revision 1 Section 3.2.2 is included.</p> <p>2.5 The Registration Data Interface shall utilise FTPS following the list of recommended tasks for implementing an information exchange stated in NIST SP 800-47 revision 1 Section 3.2.2.</p>